Cargill/CMCE presentation at QED conference: Agricultural Commodities

19th March 2019





Commodity Markets Council Europe

- CMCE is an association representing a range of commodity market participants - agriculture, energy, metals and other commodity derivative end-users, price reporting agencies, and trading venues. Its members are established and operate in the EU, EEA, Switzerland and neighbouring countries
- Active in Europe since 2012, CMCE engages with EU and national policymakers and regulators to promote well-functioning commodity derivative markets

Cargill, our company

With 150,000 employees





70 countries

Over
150
years of experience





our purpose is singular: to be the global leader in nourishing people

Agri commodities supply chain and the role of commodity firms



- Commodity firms work to meet the challenge of matching supply of commodities with demand by organizing the supply chain and managing associated risks
- This includes originating, transporting, storing and transforming commodities
- They seek to reduce costs through improving and optimizing supply chain logistics, involving ownership of physical assets or facilities

Risks accumulated in the value chain



FARMERS
High price
expectations
Fertilizer,
seed, land,
equipment,
weather



Origination
World vs
local price,
storing,
drying,
finance



Logistics
Rail, truck,
barge



Processing
Capacity
value,
margin
mgmt,
industrial
efficiency,
world price

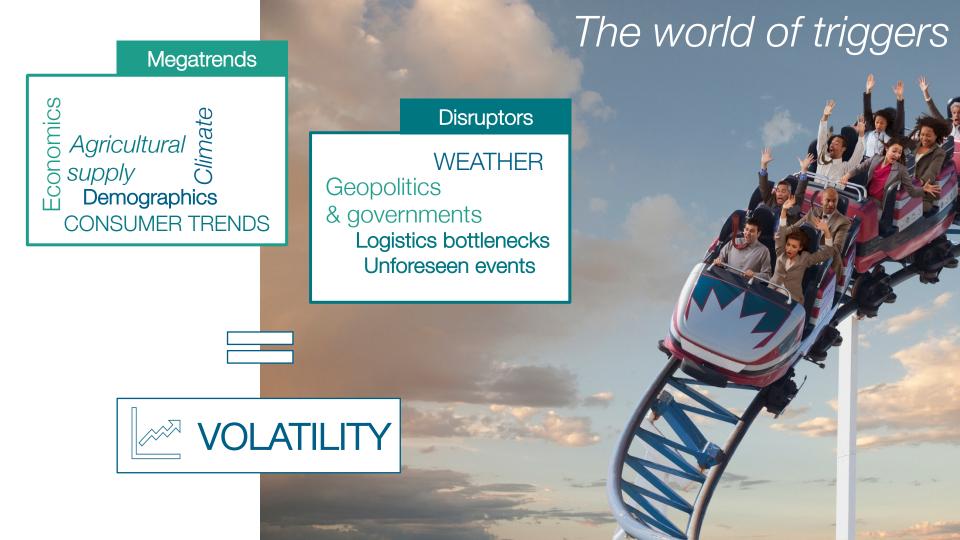


Distribution
World vs
local price,
ocean
freight, FX,
counterparty
risk, political
risk...



END USERS
Low price
expectations
World vs local
price, quality,
competitive
differentiation,

All risk elements must be managed along the chain



Managing price risk through futures markets: case of a rapeseed processor









Conclusions

- Liquid and well-functioning global derivative markets are essential for allowing commodity firms to hedge some of the risks related to their physical activities and assets, in particular price risk in the commodities that they buy and sell
- The use of the derivative markets:
 - Makes trade and processing of agriculture commodities more transparent and efficient, and provides for predictable prices
 - Helps maintain stable food prices and provide products at a reasonable cost to consumers
- Allow commodity firms, producers, farmers and retailers to plan ahead, and therefore to be better equipped to invest and help the economy grow

